

Model Question of SSC Examination 2016 All Board**Sub: Islam and Moral Education (Creative)****Time: 2 Hours 10 minutes****Total Marks- 60***[N.B. - The figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Read the stems carefully and answer the associated questions. Answer any six questions.]*

1. ► Shobuj and Lalmia are two brothers. Shobuj has firm faith in all topics of Akhirat. He leads a moral life. On the contrary, Lalmiah leads an immoral life. The lifespan on the earth is only real for Lalmia. Lalmia elder uncle Mawlana Abdul Halim called him and said, "listen to Lalmia! The person who crosses the limit and emphasizes the life on this earth, for him the only habitant will be the hell (Jahannam).

- a. What is the entrance of Akhirat? 1
- b. What do you mean by morality? 2
- c. Explain the statement of Mawlana Abdul Halim. 3
- d. Evaluate the faith and life style of Shobuj and Lalmiah. 4

2. ► Recently, the director general of an important Muslim country declared openly in a conference, "The country will be reigned according to the Madinah Shariah (Charter)." So it can be clearly understood that the application and acceptability of Islam is not yet diminished.

- a. What is farewell Hajj? 1
- b. Why the Madinah Charter was signed? 2
- c. Evaluate the statement of the director general. 3
- d. Analyze the role of the speech of farewell Hajj in the protection of human rights. 4

3. ► Mr. Shiraj is an well-known expert in Bengali literature. He wants to make a thesis on the Islamic Shariah. He asked for advice regarding this to a well-known Aem Mr. Nijam. Mr. Nijam suggested, "for this, you need to have a huge study and acquire knowledge about all the sources of Shariah immensely."

- a. What is the first and foremost source of Shariah? 1
- b. Explain the second source of Shariah. 2
- c. How can Mr. Shiraj make a good use of Mr. Nijam's advice? 3
- d. Explain the magnificence and importance of the Holy Quran. 4

4. ► After the death of Rasul (Sm), Khulafa Rashidin reigned the state based on the Holy Quran and Sunnah. During their reign, all the rights of the citizens were completely assured. They handled the various problematic situations created back then and thus Protected Islam.

- a. What is "Baitul Maal"? 1
- b. Who is "Jamiul Quran"? Why is he called so? 2
- c. Why is Umar (R). Called subject lover? 3
- d. "The reigning/ruling period of Abu Bakar (R) is the ideal for the administrators of all ages."-Explain. 4

5. ► Mr. Shabuj works in a company. He is always busy in performing his duties. Even if he is under a lot of Pressure, he says his prayer with the Jamat. Because he knows saying the prayer with Jamaat is greatly emphasized in Islam.

- a. Why prayer (Ibadat) is to be said timely? 1
- b. Explain the good effects (Fajilat) of saying prayer in Jamaat. 2
- c. "A discipline in Mr. Shabuj's life is established with the help of Salat." Explain. 3
- d. Explain the religious and social importance of the most important Ibadat mentioned in the stem. 4

6. ► Two friends, Jishan and Jasim, had been to the Potenga and Cox's Bazar sea beach. Being charmed by the something seems hill mountain, fountain and sea, Jishan said, "Alhamdulillah. All these are the creations of Almighty Allah." Jasim murturing a different attitude said, "All these are created naturally."

- a. What can human beings achieve in the life hereafter by having faith in Tawhid? 1
- b. Why is faith in Tawhid needed? Explain. 2
- c. Explain according to Shariah, the attitude of Jasim revealed by his statement. 3
- d. According to you, whose statement is more logical between Jishan and Jasim? Analyze on the basis of the Quran and Hadith. 4

7. ► Jihad is an immensely meaningful word. To establish oneself on truth by fighting against the Iblis (Satan) and evil ways, is a kind of Jihad. Another type of Jihad is, to directly fight against the anti-believers power in order to protect the religion of almighty Allah. The importance of Jihad is immense in Islam.

- a. What is called Jihad? 1
- b. What many types of Jihad are there and what are they? Explain. 2
- c. How much is the effect of Jihad to establish our personal life based on truth? 3
- d. Analyze the importance and significance of Jihad in the eye of Islam. 4

8. ► Fahim and Minhaz are two friends. Very often, Fahim gives promises to Minhaz but does not keep his promise and misbehaves. But Fahim says his prayers regularly and also fasts during the Ramadan. Minhaz said, "There is lack of Taqwa in you. Because the person having Taqwa never does any such things."

- a. "You, the human brings, keep your promise,"- Who said do? 1
- b. What is meant by Taqwa? 2
- c. Explain how Fahim can be a person full of Taqwa. 3
- d. Explain the importance of keeping promise in the light of Islam. 4

9. ► Akib believes Allah is the creator of everything. He is second to none. Rakib nurtures the opposite attitude. According to his belief, it is impossible to contract this whole universe by alone by someone. Though he knows the verse, "If there had been more than one Illah except Allah, they all would have been collapsed."

- a. What is Tawhid? 1
- b. Why are human beings called "Ashraful Makhluqat"? 2
- c. Who is right between Akib and Rakib and how? 3
- d. Analyze the verse and explain the difference of the beliefs between Akib and Rakib. 4

Model Question of SSC Examination 2016 All Board

Sub: Islam and Moral Education (MCQ)

Time: 40 Minutes

Total Marks- 40

[Darken the circle (O) of the correct option from the following alternatives]

1. What is the meaning of Aqid?
 (a) Firm faith
 (b) Belief in heart
 (c) To be the path of peace
 (d) Believes
2. Whom did Allah called his persistent servants?
 (a) who perform their duties
 (b) who protect deposits (Amanat)
 (c) who keep promises
 (d) who give Zakat properly
3. Armaan does not believe Muhammad (Sm) as the last Prophet. He thinks there will be more Prophets after him. Because of uttering such type of beliefs —
 i. destruction is confirm
 ii. punishment is confirm
 iii. property is illegal
 Which one of the following is correct?
 (a) i & ii (b) i & iii
 (c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii
4. What is the sign of habitants of heaven (Jannat)?
 (a) to speak the truth
 (b) to maintain modesty
 (c) to keep promise
 (d) to practise Islam
5. Which of the following is to be emphasized to select profession with a view to earn more?
 (a) Agriculture (b) Business
 (c) Job (d) Watchman
6. What does the quran mean?
 (a) read (b) inserted
 (c) compiled (d) served
7. Why the Holy Quran is highly respected?
 (a) unmixed and unchanged
 (b) words of Almighty Allah
 (c) greatest book (kitab)
 (d) everlasting Asmani book
8. to get rid of all the sins, Mr Manik has to believe on—
 (a) loyalty (b) Friendship
 (c) Akhirat (d) life an earth
9. Because of this, Mr. Manik will become—
 i. a person of good character
 ii. pure and beautiful
 iii. enthusiastic to honest works
 Which one of the following is correct?
 (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii
 (c) i & iii (d) i, ii & iii
10. Which one is not included in the content of Shariah?
 (a) Aqida (b) Morality
 (c) Actual works (d) None
11. Who is the protector of the Quran?
 (a) Allah the Almighty himself
 (b) Hazrat Muhammad (Sm)
 (c) Hazrat Abu Bakar (R)
 (d) Hazrat Usman (R)
12. In which surahs call for Tawhid and Risalat has been made?
 (a) Iraqi (b) Hijaji
 (c) Makki (d) Madani
13. What is the meaning of "Fazar"?
 (a) indispensable (b) vital/ essential
 (c) necessary (d) acceptable
14. Example of Farz-e-Ayen is—
 i. Five times Salat (Prayer)
 ii. Keeping the fasts of the Ramadan
 iii. Janazah prayer after death.
 Which one of the following is correct?
 (a) i & ii (b) i & iii
 (c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii
15. The word 'Salat' comes from which language?
 (a) Arabic (b) Hindi
 (c) Japanese (d) Persian
16. What is the fundamental motive of 'Sadom' (Fasting)?
 (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 6
17. What kind of Ibadat is 'Zakat'?
 (a) Physical (b) Mental
 (c) Financial (d) Social
18. Why has Allah prescribed 'Zakat'?
 (a) to test the rich people
 (b) to lesson the properties of the rich people
 (c) to increase the property of the poor
 (d) to make a balanced financial condition between the rich-poor.
19. Mr. Reza owns a huge amount of property, but he does not give 'Zakat'. By this, he is crossing.
 i. Allah's rules
 ii. Rasul (Sm)'s directions
 iii. State laws
 Which one of the following is correct?
 (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii
 (c) i & iii (d) i, ii & iii

Read the following passage and answer question no. 8 and 9 :

Mr. Manik disbelieves the life here after. As he does not have the fear of giving answers to Allah in the life hereafter, so he is engaged in the path full of sins and immorality. By the influence of the advices of the Imam, now he wants to get rid of all these sins.

8. to get rid of all the sins, Mr Manik has to believe on—
 (a) loyalty (b) Friendship
 (c) Akhirat (d) life an earth

20. Which is the fifth pillar of Islam?
 (a) Hajj (b) Namaz (Salat)
 (c) Zakat (d) Roza (fast)
21. Mr. Redwan completed high degrees from London. He then came to his own country and started to train the unemployed people in cultivation of vegetables.
 What is called the knowledge acquired by him?
 (a) General knowledge
 (b) Religious knowledge
 (c) Worldly knowledge
 (d) Special knowledge
22. Whose position is right after parents?
 (a) Students
 (b) Religious knowledge
 (c) Siblings
 (d) Person with high/ firm personality
23. What is the meaning of 'Jihad'?
 (a) to try (b) to fight
 (c) to kill (d) to earn
24. What is the meaning of 'Taqwa'?
 (a) to refrain (b) to concentrate
 (c) to keep silence
 (d) to be self surrendered
25. Which is the basis of all good qualities?
 (a) Taqwa (b) Amanat (Deposit)
 (c) To keep promise (d) hoyality
26. Whose symptom is to break promises?
 (a) Mushriqs (b) Kafir's
 (c) Fasiks (d) Munafiqs
27. Why is Hazrat Abu Bakar called 'Siddique'?
 (a) as he was afraid of Allah
 (b) as he was truthful
 (c) as he was fearless and brave
 (d) as he was poor
28. Who used to scatter thrones on the path of Rasul (Sm)?
 (a) Abu Jahel (b) Old Kafir-lady
 (c) Hindal (d) Abu Lahab
29. Human welfare works carry the characteristics of—
 (a) modern knowledge
 (b) good character
 (c) property (d) pride
30. Who did Rasul (Sm) called the best?
 (a) the person who is the best to his children
 (b) the person who is the best to his wife
 (c) the person who is the best to his father
 (d) the person who is the best to his mother
31. Shahjahan Miah makes all works of the house done by his wife and talks to her in rude voice. Which of the following is appropriate for him?
 (a) he is unsocial
 (b) he is not totally a Mumin
 (c) he will go to the hell (Jahannam)
 (d) his worldly life will be destroyed
- Read the following passage and answer question no. 32 and 33 :
 Reza and Aslam are university friends. Reza is more attracted towards English as he completed his school life English medium. But though the ancestors of Aslam are non-bengal, yet he is entirely absorbed with the cultures of this country. So, though Reza disrespects his mother land, but Aslam wants to keep in touch with Bangla.
32. What is revealed in Aslam's attitude?
 (a) Haqqullah (b) Haqqul Ibad
 (c) Hubbul watan
 (d) Haqqul Walidayen
33. What does 'Akhlaq-e-Zamimaah' mean?
 (a) criticizing nature
 (b) good work
 (c) dishonest intentions
 (d) competition
34. What is the meaning of Akhlaq-e-Zamima?
 (a) bad behaviour (b) good works
 (c) bad intentions (d) competition
35. In which tribe was Rasul (Sm) born?
 (a) Bone Tayem (b) Kayes
 (c) Quraish (d) Bone Najir
36. Which intellectual lady had given the responsibilities of her business to Rasul (Sm)?
 (a) Hazrat Khadija (R)
 (b) Hazrat Asma (R)
 (c) Hazrat Maimuna (R)
 (d) Hazrat Sumiya (R)
37. عيال means—
 (a) necessity (b) relatives
 (c) sarcasm (d) satisfaction
38. Whose contribution is the most in chemistry?
 (a) Al-beruni (b) Al-Khayes
 (c) Umar Khaiyam (d) Zabir Ibd Haiyan
39. In the Jaheli age, the behaviour and life-style of the Arab people were—
 i. barbarous
 ii. against humanity
 iii. normal
 Which one of the following is correct?
 (a) i & ii (b) i & iii
 (c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii
40. Who calculated the value of axis-line in gography?
 (a) Tabari (b) Gazali
 (c) Jabir iBn. Haiyan (d) Al-beruni

Ans	1	(d)	2	(a)	3	(a)	4	(a)	5	(b)	6	(a)	7	(b)	8	(c)	9	(d)	10	(d)	11	(a)	12	(c)	13	(b)	14	(c)	15	(d)	16	(b)	17	(c)	18	(d)	19	(a)	20	(a)
	21	(c)	22	(b)	23	(a)	24	(a)	25	(a)	26	(d)	27	(b)	28	(b)	29	(b)	30	(b)	31	(b)	32	(c)	33	(d)	34	(a)	35	(c)	36	(a)	37	(a)	38	(d)	39	(a)	40	(d)