Model Question of SSC Examination 2016

Sub: Physics (Creative)

Time: 2 Hours

Total Marks-40

(Answer any four of the following Questions)

1. ▶ 30m/s	s 20m/s		25m/s
		\longrightarrow	$\rightarrow \bigcirc \rightarrow$
4 kg	2 kg		

What is force? a.

What do you mean by inertia of motion? b.

- Calculate the impulse of force of the first body of above C. 3 stem.
- Analyze the law of conservation of momentum in the light 4 of above stem.
- 2. In the following table the velocity of car is given in every alternate five second.

Time ((Sec)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
Velocity (ms ⁻¹)	0	10	20	30	30	30	30	15	0

What is force? a.

1

Is velocity a scalar or vector quantity? Expalin it. b.

What distance will travel the car in 20 sec? C.

3

- What distance will travel by the car from the beginning? d.
- 3. ▶ A yellow light incident from glycerin to air making angle of incidence 40°. Refractive index of glycerin with respect of air is 1.6 and the velocity of light in air $3 \times 10^8 \, \text{ms}^{-1}$.
- a.

1

What is called optical Centre of lens?

'Power of lens is 2.5 D'-What do you mean by this? b. Calculate the velocity of light in glycerin. C.

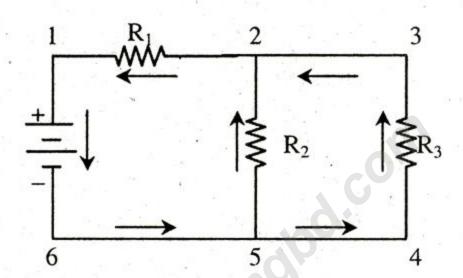
- Is it possible to form total internal reflection from the d. above stem? Explain your logic mathematically.
- 4. ▶ Rafa and Saifa are two friends. Rafa had eye problem due to which she used spectacle of his +2d. Saifa once felt that she could not see the letterrs in her book clearly but she see the

letter inboard. Saifa went to eye doctor and the doctor prescribed her to use in the spectacle to remove her problem.

a. What is optical center?

- `1
- b. What type of image will be formed when the object is at a distance 2f of the lens?
- c. Why Rafa use +2d power spectacle? Explain.
- d. Which type of lens of spectacle was prescribed to saifa by doctor? And why? Explain with fig.

5. ▶



a. What is current?

1

b. Explain Ohm's law?

- 2
- c. If $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = 10$ ohms and supplied electromotive force is 10 volts, what is the current in the circuit?
- d. From the above figure, which part of connection is applicable in our house? Explain with advantages.
- 6. \blacktriangleright Saima thought watching the fan above her head; it is running by the principle of A.C. motor. There was a U shaped magnet in the fan. She also thought what will be the amount of current in secondary coil of a transformer of n = 90 if in primary coil n = 15 and l = 5 amp.
- a. What is induced magnet?

- 1
- b. Write down the relation of E & I in case of a transformer. 2
- c. What will be the current of the Secondary coil?
- d. Describe the working principle of the motor using that magnet.

Model Question of SSC Examination 2016 Sub: Physics (MCQ)

Time

e:35 minutes		Total Marks- 35
Darken the circle	(O) of the correct antion from the f	Collouring alternatives]

	[Darken the circle (O) of the correc	t option	from the following alternatives]
l.	When Logy Beard was able to send	0000 - 1 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	What will happen of induced electric
	pictures on television-		current if the number of turns of coil
	(a) In 1926 (b) In 1924		is increased?
	© In 1962		The electric current will be reduced
2.	What type of motion does the hand of		The electric current will be increased
	a clock have?		© The magnitude of electric current will
	Linear motion		be zero The magnitude of electric current will
	© Periodic motion @ Vibratory motion		The magnitude of electric current will be negative
3.	The distance traveled in a given time by	12	What do mean by alpha particle
	a freely falling body from rest will be-	12.	emitting from radioactive elements?
	Proportional of the time		a hydrogen nucleus
	Proportional to the square of that time		(b) a helium uncleus
	© Inversely proportional to that time		© a charge neutral particle
	d Inversely proportional to the square		a negative particle
	of that time	13.	What is actually beta ray emitted due
1.	The acceleration of a moving body can be found from:		to the radioactive decay?
	area under velocity-time graph	100	a the flow of negative electrons
	b area under distance-time graph		a charge neutral particle
	© slope of the velocity-time graph		© a positive nucleus
	d slope of the distance-time graph		d flow of positive protons
5.	What is the name of the apparatus	14.	What type of wave sound is?
	used to measure the atmospheric		Transverse wave
	pressure?		Electromagnetic wave
	(a) Thermometer (b) Barometer		© Longitudinal wave
	© Manometer @ Seismometer	带道	Radio wave
5.	The amount of liquid pressure is-	15.	In which medium the velocity of sound
	Proportional to its depth		is maximum?
	proportional to area		(a) Solid (b) Liquit
	© Inversely proportional to density	16	© Gaseous @ Plasma
	d equal to acceleration due to gravity	16.	A dead bat seen hanging from the
7.	What is the name of the forth state of		electric lines— i. bat lacks instant clear idea about the
	matter?		position and distance between the
	(a) Gas (b) Plasma	9.0	two electric lines
	© Solid	- 1	ii. It did not hear the echo of ultrasonic
3.	What will happen of magnetic field if electric- current flows through a		sound ahead
	solenoid made by insulated wire		iii. It is hanging with one wire and
	wound over a cylinder.		touching the other
	Will be condensed and weak	12 .	Which one of the following is correct?
	Will be condensed and strong		(a) i and iii (b) i and iii
	© Will be less condensed and weak	0	© ii and iii
	Will be less condensed but strong		the body of an electric bulb 100 W-220 V
).	In which functions, electromagnetic		wer the question 17 and 18 According
	induction is used?		ne stem
	(a) Transistor (b) Motor		What is its filament resistance?
	© Amplifier @ Transformer		(a) 48 Ω (b) 418 Ω
10.	In Which process, electromotive force		© 424 Ω
- 10	is produced	18.	What amount of electricity will flow
	 If any magnet is kept motonless in a wire coil 		through it?
	ii. If any wire coil is rotated in a		(a) 0.455 A (b) 345 A
	magnetic field	557.88	© 45.2 A @ 245 A
	iii. If any magnet is rotated around a	19.	A body of mass m is kept at 20 m, 30
	motionless wire coil		m, 40 and 50 m height respectively. At
	Which one of the following is correct?		Which position its potential energy is
	(a) i		maximum? (a) 20 m (b) 30 m
	© i and ii @ ii and iii		(a) 20 m (b) 30 m

© 40 m

@ 50 m

	The working of a rocket is based on a Newton's first law of motion b Newton's second law of motion c Newton's third third law of motion d Newton's first and second law	 (a) 1176 J (b) 120 J (c) 58.8 J (d) 200 J 27. If the body is thrown upward direction from ground at 9.8 ms⁻¹ velocity. How much time it will take to come back to
21.	Starting from rest the velocity of a freely falling body is a Inversely proportional to the time of fall b Directly proportional to the time of fall c Inversely proportional to the square of the time of fall d Directly proportional to the square of the time of fall	ground? (a) 2s (b) 3s (c) 4s (d) 5s 28. The tendency or property of a body to maintain its present state for ever is called what? (a) force (b) acceleration (c) inertia (d) velocity
22.	If the distance between the earth and moon is doubled then the gravitational force will become— i. half ii. double iii. one fourth Which one of the following is correct? a i b ii c iii d i, ii & iii	 29. Which one is the dimension of force? (a) MLT⁻² (b) MLT⁻¹ (c) ML⁻²T⁻² (d) M⁻¹LT⁻² 30. Which one of the following forces is stronger? (a) gravitational force (b) weak nuclear force (c) electromagnetic force
23.	A mass is thrown vertically upwards with a crtain velocity. Neglecting air resistance, when of the following is correct? (a) Kinetic energy is maximum at the Highest point (b) Total energy of the mass is constant throughout the motion (c) The momentum of the mass is constant throughout the motion (d) Potential energy of the mass increases uniformly with time	d strong nuclear force 31. Which one is the unit of momentum? a kg m b kg ms ⁻¹ c kg m ² s ⁻¹ d kg ms ⁻² 32. Biomass is mainly composed of— a Nitric acid and Hydrogen b Carbon and oxygen c oxygen and Hydrogen d Carbon and Hydrogen Answer the questions (33 & 34) according to the figure in below
24.	Which is the velocity gradient? (a) The derivative of acceleration with respect to distance (b) The derivative of velocity with respect to distance (c) The derivative of displacement with	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{10}{12}$ Time in Sec.
	respect to distance d The derivative of force with respect	33. What will be the velocity of the wave in the above figure?
25.	i. Jumping from boat ii. Backward motion of a gun iii. Standing on the ground Which one of the following is correct? (a) i & ii (b) i & iii (c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii	 a 1/4 m/s b 1/2 m/s 1 m/s 2 m/s if λ is doubled and frequency is constant, then— after 6 sec travelling distance of the wave transmitting particles is 3m after 6 sec travelling distance of the wave transmitting particles is 6m
Ans to th	wer the question 26 and 27 according the following figure 6kg	 after 6 sec travelling distance of the wave transmitting particles is 12m after 6 sec travelling distance of the wave transmitting particles is 15m
26.	What will be the potential energy of	35. The number of turns of primary coil in a transformer is 50, voltage 210 V. If the number of turns in the secondary coil is 100, what will be the Voltage? (a) 34 V (b) 40 V
	that body?	© 420 V : @ 742 V
। ଅନ୍ତର	(a) 2 (c) 3 (b) 4 (c) 5 (b) 6 (a) 7 (b) 8 (b) 9 (d) 10 1 (d) 22 (c) 23 (b) 24 (b) 25 (a) 26 (a) 27 (a) 28 (c) 29 (a) 30	(d) 11 (e) 12 (b) 13 (e) 14 (c) 15 (a) 16 (b) 17 (d) 18 (b) 19 (d) 20 (c) (d) 31 (b) 32 (d) 33 (c) 34 (b) 35 (c)